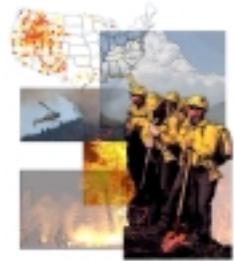


N ational Fire Plan  
Shasta-Trinity National Forest  
Pacific Southw est R egion  
2002



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## Fire Hazard Reduction Projects

MT. SHASTA, Calif., - High fire hazard areas in untreated portions of the wildland urban interface has increased the potential of wildfire impacting the Mt. Shasta community and adjacent national forest lands.

A defensible buffer was created around the community of Mt. Shasta by treating hazardous fuels on approximately 450 acres of national forest lands in the wildland urban interface by mechanically and manually thinning, cutting, crushing and/or chipping trees and brush. Mechanically and manually piling, and then burning slash and hazardous concentrations of ground fuels that are surplus to wildlife habitat and soil conservation needs, completes the project.

The Mt. Shasta I-Zone project, funded under the National Fire Plan, was designed to reduce fire hazard and the threat of wildfires in the wildland urban interface. By reducing the fire hazard and the threat of wildfires in the wildland urban interface we can create a defensible zone for fire suppression activities to use to protect the community and adjoining national forest when wildfires do occur.